IASB Exposure Draft of Proposed International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities

VS

Hong Kong Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Framework and Financial Reporting Standard

A High Level Comparison





IASB Exposure Draft of proposed International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities vs Hong Kong Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Framework and Financial Reporting Standard

A High Level Comparison

This comparison was developed by the SME Financial Reporting Framework Sub-Committee of the Financial Reporting Standards Committee (FRSC). It is intended to be a high level comparison between the IASB Exposure Draft of proposed International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities ("IFRS for SMEs") and Hong Kong Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Framework and Financial Reporting Standard ("HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS"). It has not been approved by the FRSC and the Council of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

This High Level Comparison is intended for general guidance only. The Institute, the FRSC, the SME Financial Reporting Framework Sub-Committee of FRSC do not accept any responsibility or liability and disclaim all responsibility and liability and any consequences that may arise from any person acting or refraining from action as a result of any materials in the High Level Comparison.

| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 1 Scope | | |
| Qualifying entities | Criteria: | For Non-HK incorporated company: |
| | No public accountability; and | No public accountability; |
| | Publish general purpose financial statements for | • 100% owners' consent to use SME-FRS; and |
| | external users. | • Meet size criteria - not exceeding any two of the |
| | | following: |
| | Owners' consent to use the proposed IFRS for SMEs | - Total annual revenue of HK\$50 million. |
| | is not required. | - Total assets of HK\$50 million at the balance sheet |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | • No quantified size criteria. Each jurisdiction can have | date. |
| | its own criteria. | - 50 employees. |
| | | For HK incorporated company: |
| | [Note: In deciding on the content of the draft IFRS for SMEs, | Satisfies the criteria set out in section 141D of the |
| | the IASB focused on a typical entity with about 50 | Companies Ordinance. |
| | employees.] | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 1.1-1.3 & BC45) | (SME-FRF 16-17) |
| Definition of "public | • Any class of instruments that is publicly traded. | • Equity or debt securities that are publicly traded. |
| accountability" | • Holds assets in a fiduciary capacity for a broad group | Institution authorised under the Banking Ordinance. |
| | of outsiders, such as a bank, insurance entity, | Insurer authorised under the Insurance Companies |
| | securities broker/dealer, pension fund, mutual fund or | Ordinance. |
| | investment banking entity. | Corporation which is granted a licence under the |
| | | Securities and Futures Ordinance to carry on business |
| | | in a regulated activity in Hong Kong. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 1.2) | (SME-FRF 22) |
| Users of financial statements | • External users such as owners who are not involved in | • Significant users – owners, government and creditors. |
| | managing the business, existing and potential | |
| | creditors and credit rating agencies. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 1.1(b)) | (SME-FRF 2) |
| Section 2 Concepts and Pervasive | e Principles | |
| Measurement bases | Accrual basis. | Accrual basis. |
| | Initial recognition – historical cost basis. | Historical cost except for the following with other |
| | Subsequent measurement: | measurement bases: |



| IASB | ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| - | Historical cost basis. | - Foreign currency monetary items (closing rate of |
| - | Amortised cost basis | balance sheet date); |
| - | Fair value basis. | - Finance lease (present value of the minimum |
| • F | Fair value basis is required/permitted in the following | lease payments); |
| a | areas: | - Impairment of assets (carrying amount less |
| - | Equity instruments issued to individuals or other | recoverable amount). |
| | parties acting in their capacity as investors in | Assets should not be revalued nor should future cash |
| | equity instruments (mandatory). | flows be discounted in the measurement of assets and |
| - | Financial assets and liabilities (mandatory except | liabilities except when required or permitted. |
| | for certain instruments). | |
| - | Property, plant and equipment (optional)*. | |
| - | Intangible assets other than goodwill (optional)*. | |
| - | Investments in associates (optional). | |
| - | Investments in joint ventures (optional). | |
| - | Biological assets whose fair value is readily | |
| | determinable without undue cost or effort | |
| | (mandatory)*. | |
| * | Where the fair value model is used, the accounting | |
| t | reatment should follow the IFRSs. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 2.33, 2.40-44) | (SME-FRF 4, 14 – 15) |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Treatment if the standard does | Consider the applicability of the following sources in | May consider the SME-FRF for guidance on |
| not specifically address a | descending order: | developing an appropriate accounting policy |
| transaction | - Requirements and guidance in IFRS for SMEs | consistent with the historical cost convention. |
| | dealing with similar and related issues. | No fallback or cross-reference to HKFRSs. |
| | - Pervasive principles relating to accrual basis, | |
| | recognition and measurement. | |
| | May also consider: | |
| | - full IFRSs dealing with similar and related issues. | |
| | - the most recent pronouncements of other | |
| | standard-setting bodies. | |
| | • There is no mandatory fallback to full IFRSs. | |
| | • Mandatory application of full IFRSs is required in the | |
| | following areas: | |
| | - Measurement of equity-settled share-based | |
| | payment transactions (Proposed IFRS for SMEs | |
| | 25.4). | |
| | - For an entity engaging in agricultural activity, | |
| | biological assets whose fair value is readily | |
| | determinable without undue cost or effort | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 35.1). | |
| | - Lessor in finance leases (Proposed IFRS for | |
| | SMEs 19.15). | |
| | - Financial reporting of an entity whose functional | |
| | currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary | |
| | economy (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 29.2). | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 2.32, 10.3 - 4) | (SME-FRS 1.2 – 3) |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Mandatory application of full | Mandatory application of full IFRSs is required if the | Not applicable. |
| IFRSs if option is selected | following options are selected as IFRS for SME does | |
| | not cover these options but permits entities to adopt | |
| | options available in IFRSs: | |
| | - Cash flow statement using direct method | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 7.9). | |
| | - Equity method of Investments in Associates | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 13.5). | |
| | - Equity method of Investments in Joint Ventures | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 14.10). | |
| | - Fair value model of Investment Property | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 15.5). | |
| | - Revaluation model of Property, Plant and | |
| | Equipment (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 16.13). | |
| | - Capitalisation model of Intangible Assets | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 17.16). | |
| | - Revaluation model of Intangible Assets (Proposed | |
| | IFRS for SMEs 17.23). | |
| | - Capitalisation model of Borrowing Costs | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 24.4). | |
| | - Segment Reporting (Proposed IFRS for SMEs | |
| | 31.1). | |
| | - Earnings per Share (Proposed IFRS for SMEs | |
| | 34.1). | |
| | | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 3 Financial Statement F | resentation | |
| Result of application of the standard | Result in financial statements that achieve a fair presentation of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows. | Result in financial statements that achieve a proper presentation of the financial position and financial performance. Result in financial statements that give a true and correct view (for Hong Kong incorporated companies that meet the qualifying criteria). |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 3.1(a), |) (SME-FRF 16 & SME-FRS 1.2) |
| Complete set of financial | Cash flow statement is required. | Cash flow statement is not required. |
| statements | Statement of changes in equity is required. | Changes in equity can either be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements or as a separate component of the financial statements. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 3.15 | 5) (SME-FRS 1.1 & 1.29) |
| Section 7 Cash Flow Statement | | |
| Reporting format | Optional to choose indirect or direct method Indirect method by applying IFRS for SMEs Direct method by applying IAS 7 Cash Flow Statements. [Note: Indirect method is more commonly used in HK | • N/A - Cash flow statement is not required. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 7.8 & 7.9 | 9) |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 8 Notes to the Financial S | Statements | - |
| Additional disclosure | Information about the judgements that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements shall be disclosed. Information about the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year shall be disclosed. | |
| Section 9 Consolidated and Sepa | rate Financial Statements | |
| Application to group accounts | A parent entity shall present consolidated financial statements with all of its subsidiaries. The scope of consolidated financial statements is generally consistent with IAS 27 <i>Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements</i>. A parent need not present consolidated financial statements if: the parent is itself a subsidiary; and its ultimate parent (or any intermediate parent) | Not applicable to group accounts. |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | produces consolidated general purpose financial | |
| | statements that comply with IFRSs or with IFRS | |
| | for SMEs. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 9.1& 9.2) | |
| Section 10 Accounting Policies, E | stimates and Errors | |
| Retrospective application | Comparative information presented for a particular | Comparative information presented for a particular |
| | prior period need not be restated if the period-specific | prior period need not be restated if restating the |
| | effects on comparative information for one or more | information would require undue cost or effort. |
| | prior periods presented is impracticable to | |
| | determine. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 10.10 & 10.21) | (SME-FRS 2.8 & 2.13) |
| Section 11 Financial Assets and F | inancial Liabilities | |
| Measurement after initial | Measured at: | There is no separate section on financial assets and |
| recognition | - cost or amortised cost less impairment including: | financial liability. Only forward contracts are addressed |
| | > an instrument (such as a receivable, | under Section 15 The Effects of Changes in Foreign |
| | payable, or loan) that the entity designates | Exchange Rates. |
| | at initial recognition to be measured at | |
| | amortised cost less impairment; | |
| | a commitment to make or receive a loan | |
| | that meets specified criteria; | |
| | equity instruments that are not publicly | |
| | traded and whose fair value cannot be | |
| | measured reliably. | |



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| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | - fair value for financial instruments other than those | |
| | measured at cost or amortised cost less | |
| | impairment such as: | |
| | investments in equity instruments with | |
| | published price quotations; | |
| | interest rate swaps; | |
| | options and forward contracts; | |
| | investments in convertible debt; | |
| | perpetual debt. | |
| | Optional to apply IAS 39 Financial Instruments: | |
| | Recognition and Measurement in full. | |
| | Including guidance on effective interest rate and fair | |
| | value measurement considerations which are | |
| | consistent with the corresponding guidance in IAS 39. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 11.1, 11.7-13 & | |
| | Appendix A to Section 11) | (SME-FRS 15.6 - 8) |
| Hedging | Hedge accounting permitted for four types of | Hedging is limited to forward contracts. |
| | transactions: | |
| | - interest rate risk of a debt instrument measured at | |
| | amortised cost; | |
| | foreign exchange or interest rate risk in a firm | |
| | commitment or a highly probable forecast | |
| | transaction; | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | - price risk of a commodity or in a firm commitment | |
| | or highly probable forecast transaction to | |
| | purchase or sell a commodity; or | |
| | foreign exchange risk in a net investment in a | |
| | foreign operation. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 11.31) | (SME-FRS 15.6 - 7) |
| Section 13 Investments in Associa | ntes | |
| Measurement after initial | Optional to choose one of the following models: | • Covered in Section 6 <i>Investments</i> . There is no |
| recognition | - cost model (i.e. cost less accumulated impairment | separate section on the investments in associates. |
| | losses); | Carried at: |
| | equity method (using the procedures in IAS 28 | - the lower of cost and net realisable value for |
| | Investments in Associates); or | current investments; and |
| | - fair value through profit or loss model (adopt only it | - cost less accumulated impairment losses for |
| | fair value can be measured reliably and using the | long-term investments |
| | procedures in the proposed IFRS for SMEs | |
| | 11.14 – 17) . | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 13.3 - 6) | (SME-FRS 6.7) |
| Section 14 Investments in Joint Ve | entures | |
| Measurement after initial | Optional to choose one of the following models: | • Covered in Section 6 <i>Investments</i> . There is no |
| recognition | cost model (i.e. cost less accumulated impairment | separate section on the investments in joint ventures. |
| | losses); | Carried at: |
| | equity method (using the procedures in IAS 31 | - the lower of cost and net realisable value for |
| | Interests in Joint Ventures); | current investments; and |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | proportionate consolidation (using the procedures in IAS 31); or fair value through profit or loss model (adopt only if fair value can be measured reliably and using the procedures in the proposed IFRS for SMEs 11.14 – 17). (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 14.8 - 12) | cost less accumulated impairment losses for long-term investments. |
| Section 15 Investment property | | |
| Measurement after initial recognition | Optional to choose one of the following models: cost model (by applying proposed IFRS for SMEs Section 16, i.e. cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses); or fair value model (by applying IAS 40 <i>Investment</i> <i>Property</i>). | Covered in Section 3 <i>Property, Plant and Equipment.</i> There is no separate section on investment property. The definition of property, plant and equipment includes property held for rental and/or for investment potential. Investment property should be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 15.4 – 15.6) | (SME-FRS 3.1& 3.10) |
| Section 16 Property, Plant and Eq | | |
| Measurement after initial recognition | Optional to choose one of the following models: cost model (i.e. cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses); or revaluation model (by applying IAS 16 <i>Property</i>, | PPE should be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | Plant and Equipment). | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 16.11 – 16.13) | (SME-FRS 3.10) |
| Section 17 Intangible Assets other | r than Goodwill | |
| Recognition of costs incurred in | Optional to choose one of the following models: | • An intangible asset arising from development should |
| development activities | <u>expense model</u> - <u>recognise all costs</u> incurred in | be recognised only if certain specified criteria are met. |
| | development activities as an expense when | |
| | incurred; or | |
| | - capitalisation model - recognised costs incurred in | |
| | development activities as expense except for | |
| | those meeting specified criteria. IAS 38 Intangible | |
| | Assets applies. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SME17.14 - 16) | (SME-FRS 4.7) |
| Measurement after initial | Optional to choose one of the following models: | • Intangible assets should be carried at its cost less any |
| recognition | - cost model (i.e. cost less accumulated | accumulated amortisation and any accumulated |
| | depreciation and accumulated impairment losses) | ; impairment losses. |
| | or | |
| | - revaluation model (by applying IAS 38). | |
| | | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 17.21 – 23) | (SME-FRS 4.13) |
| Useful life and amortisation | No rebuttable presumption on the useful life of an | • There is a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of |
| period | intangible asset. | an intangible asset will not exceed 20 years from the |
| | <u>No amortisation</u> for intangible asset with <u>indefinite</u> | date when the asset is available for use. |
| | useful life. | Intangible asset with indefinite useful life is not |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | | allowed. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 17.24 – 26 & 29) | (SME-FRS 4.14) |
| Section 18 Business Combinations | s and Goodwill | |
| Key recognition and | The accounting treatment is generally consistent with | No corresponding section – SME-FRS not designed |
| measurement requirements | IFRS 3 Business Combinations. | for groups. |
| | All business combinations shall be accounted for by | |
| | applying the purchase method. | |
| | The acquirer shall recognise goodwill as an asset at | |
| | the acquisition date and initially measure the goodwill | |
| | at its cost. | |
| | After initial recognition, the goodwill shall be measured | |
| | at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 18.5, 20 - 21) | |
| Section 19 Leases | | |
| Initial recognition – Finance lease | Lessee shall recognise the rights and obligations | Lessee shall recognise the rights and obligations |
| | under finance leases in the balance sheet at amounts | under finance leases in the balance sheet at amounts |
| | equal to the fair value of the leased property | equal at the inception of the lease to the fair value of |
| | determined at the inception of the lease. | the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of |
| | | the minimum lease payments. |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 19.8) | (SME-FRS 5.4) |
| Financial statement of lessors | Mandatory application of IAS 17 Leases is required for | Does not address accounting for lessors. |
| | lessor accounting. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 19.15) | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 21 <i>Equity</i> | | |
| Recognition and measurement | Addresses accounting for equity instruments issued to individuals or other parties acting in their capacity as investors in equity instruments. An entity shall recognise the issue of shares or other equity instruments as equity when it issues those instruments and another party is obliged to provide cash or other resources to the entity in exchange for the instruments. The equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. | |
| Section 22 Revenue | | |
| Exchanges of goods or services | An entity <u>shall not recognise revenue</u> when goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services that are of a similar nature and value. (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 22.6) | No mention of accounting treatment for exchange of goods or services under SME-FRS 11 <i>Revenue</i>. |
| Recognition of interest income | Interest shall be recognised using the <u>effective interes</u> <u>method.</u> (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 22.16) | |
| Section 23 Government grants | | |
| Recognition and measurement | Optional to choose one of the following models: | Government grants should be recognised as income |



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| - the IFRS for SMEs model for all government | over the periods necessary to match them with related |
| grants; or | costs they are intended to compensate, on a |
| - the IFRS for SMEs model for those government | systematic basis. |
| grants related to assets measured at fair value | |
| through profit or loss and IAS 20 Accounting for | |
| Government Grants and Disclosure of | |
| Government Assistance for all other grants. | |
| Under the IFRS for SMEs model: | |
| An entity shall recognise government grants as | |
| follows: | |
| - A grant that does not impose specified future | |
| performance conditions on the recipient is | |
| recognised in income when the grant proceeds are | |
| receivable; | |
| - A grant that imposes specified future performance | |
| conditions on the recipient is recognised in income | |
| only when the performance conditions are met; | |
| - Grants received before the income recognition | |
| criteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability. | |
| An entity shall measure grants at the fair value of the | |
| asset received or receivable. | |
| | |
| (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 23.3 – 5) | (SME-FRS 12.2) |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 24 Borrowing Costs | | |
| Recognition | Optional to choose one of the following models: expense model - recognise all borrowing costs as an expense when incurred; or capitalisation model - apply IAS 23 <i>Borrowing Costs</i>. (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 24.2 – 4) | Benchmark treatment - Expense model. Allowed alternative treatment - Capitalisation model. (SME-FRS 13.2 - 5) |
| Section 25 Share-based Payment | | |
| Key measurement requirements | Measurement of equity settled share-based payment transactions – mandatory to apply IFRS 2 <i>Share-based Payment.</i> Cash-settled share-based payment transactions – measured the goods or services acquired and the liability incurred at the fair value of the liability. Share-based payment transactions with cash alternatives – mandatory to apply IFRS 2 <i>Share-based Payment. (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 25.4 – 7)</i> | No corresponding section. |
| Section 26 Impairment of Non-fina | ancial Assets | |
| Identifying impairment loss | An entity should estimate the fair value less costs to sell of an asset at balance sheet date if there exist any indications of impairment. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable | An entity should estimate the recoverable amount of an asset at balance sheet date if there exists any indications of impairment. The recoverable amount can be an asset's net selling |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction | price or future net cash flow expected from the |
| | between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the cost | continued use of that asset. |
| | of disposal. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 26.5 & 26.8) | (SME-FRS 9.1 & 9.7) |
| Impairment of goodwill | A two-step process is adopted to determine the | No corresponding requirements – not applicable to |
| | impairment of goodwill: | group accounts. |
| | - Step 1: allocate the goodwill to the component(s) | |
| | of the entity that benefit from the goodwill and | |
| | compare the fair value of the component with its | |
| | carrying amount; | |
| | - Step 2: write down the component's goodwill if the | |
| | fair value of the component is less than its carrying | |
| | amount. The difference between the fair value and | |
| | the carrying amount is recognised as impairment | |
| | loss in profit or loss. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 26.20 – 24) | |
| Section 27 Employee Benefits | | |
| Scope and general recognition | This section covers: | No corresponding section. |
| principle | - Short-term employee benefits; | |
| | - Post-employment benefits; | |
| | - Other long-term employee benefits; and | |
| | - Termination benefits. | |
| | Share-based payments are employee benefits and are | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | covered in proposed IFRS for SMEs Section 25. | |
| | An entity shall recognise the cost of all employee | |
| | benefits to which its employees have become entitled | |
| | as a result of service rendered to the entity. | |
| | General principles for accounting treatment are | |
| | broadly consistent with IAS 19 Employee Benefits | |
| | except for the removal of the 10% corridor test on the | |
| | net cumulative unrecognised actuarial gains and | |
| | losses. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 27.1 – 3) | |
| Section 28 Income Taxes | | |
| Deferred tax – key recognition | Deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets are | Deferred tax assets and liabilities should not be |
| and measurement requirements | recognised for the tax consequences of the future | recognised – tax payable basis applied. |
| | recovery or settlement of the entity's assets and | |
| | liabilities at their current carrying amounts, with limited | |
| | exemptions, and for unused tax losses and unused tax | |
| | credits. [Note that the "limited exemption" in the | |
| | proposed IFRS for SMEs do not include certain initial | |
| | recognition exemptions under IAS 12 Income Taxes, | |
| | which could lead to deferred tax being recognised | |
| | under the proposed IFRS for SMEs when it is not | |
| | required to be recognised under IAS 12.] | |
| | An entity shall measure deferred tax assets and | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| | liabilities, and related tax expense (income), at the tax | |
| | rates that are expected to apply to the period when the | |
| | asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax | |
| | rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or | |
| | substantively enacted by the reporting date. | |
| | General principles are broadly consistent with IAS 12 | |
| | Income Taxes | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 28.2 & 28.21) | (SME-FRS 14.4) |
| Section 29 Financial Reporting in | Hyperinflationary Economies | |
| Preparation and presentation of | • An entity whose functional currency is the currency of | No corresponding section - designed for companies |
| financial statements | a hyperinflationary economy is mandatory to apply IAS | operating in Hong Kong. |
| | 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies | |
| | in preparing and presenting its financial statements. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 29.2) | |
| Section 30 Foreign Currency Tran | slation | |
| Functional currency and | Each entity shall identify its functional currency. | No distinction between functional currency and |
| presentation currency | An entity may present its financial statements in any | presentation currency. |
| | currency (or currencies). If the presentation currency | |
| | differs from the entity's functional currency, the entity | |
| | shall translate its results and financial position into the | |
| | presentation currency. | |
| | | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 30.2 & 30.17) | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
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| Section 31 Segment Reporting | | |
| Key requirements | Segment reporting is not required. | No corresponding section. |
| | An entity that chooses to disclose segment information | |
| | in financial statements shall comply with the | |
| | requirements of IFRS 8 Operating Segments. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 31.1) | |
| Section 34 Earnings per Share | | |
| Key requirement | No requirement to present EPS. | No requirement to present EPS. |
| | • If the entity discloses EPS, it shall calculate and | |
| | disclose earnings per share in accordance with IAS 33 | |
| | Earnings per Share. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 34.1) | |
| Section 35 Specialized Industries | | |
| Agriculture | • For an entity engaging in agricultural activity, | No corresponding section. |
| | mandatory to apply the fair value model of IAS 41 | |
| | Agriculture to account for those biological assets | |
| | whose fair value is readily determinable. | |
| | • Apply the <u>cost model (i.e. cost less any accumulated</u> | |
| | depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses) | |
| | for those biological assets whose fair value is not | |
| | readily determinable. | |
| | | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 35.1) | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Extractive industries | Exploration expenditure – recognised as an expense when incurred. Expenditure on acquisition or development of tangible assets and intangible assets, and dismantling or restoration obligations – apply the relevant sections under IFRS for SMEs. (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 35.2) | No corresponding section. |
| Section 36 Discontinued Operatio | ns and Assets Held for Sale | |
| Discontinued operations | An entity shall disclose a single amount of a discontinued operation on the face of the income statement and an analysis of this single amount in the financial statements. (Proposed IFRS for SME 36.2) | No corresponding section. |
| Non-current assets held for sale | An entity shall classify non-current assets as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current asset held for sale shall be measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. (Proposed IFRS for SME 36.5-6) | No corresponding section. |
| Section 37 Interim Financial Repo | rting | |
| Applicable standard | • An entity that issues an interim financial report shall | No corresponding section. |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | apply either IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting or all of | |
| | the requirements of IFRS for SMEs. | |
| | | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SME 37.1) | |
| Section 38 Transition to the IFRS | for SMEs | |
| Exemptions on transition | • Exemptions granted in the following areas on applying | No exemption is granted. |
| | IFRS for SMEs in preparing the first financial | |
| | statements that conform to IFRS for SMEs: | |
| | - Business combinations (may elect not to apply | |
| | Section 18 to business combinations that were | |
| | effected before the date of transition) | |
| | - Fair value or revaluation as deemed cost (may use | |
| | a previous GAAP revaluation of an item as its | |
| | deemed cost as of the date of transition) | |
| | - Cumulative translation differences (may elect not | |
| | to recognise any cumulative translation | |
| | differences in equity on the date of transition.) | |
| | - Compound financial instruments (exempt from | |
| | separating a compound financial instrument into | |
| | its liability and equity components if the liability | |
| | component is not outstanding at the date of | |
| | transition.) | |
| | - Shared-based payment transactions (not | |



| | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|-------------|--|--|
| | mandatory to apply Section 25 <i>Share-based</i> <i>Payment</i> to equity instruments that were granted before the date of transition.) Deferred income taxes (not mandatory to recognize deferred tax assets/liabilities if it would involve undue cost or effort). | |
| Disclosures | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 38.8) An entity shall explain how the transition from its previous financial reporting framework to the IFRS for SMEs affected its reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows. The first financial statements prepared using IFRS for SMEs shall include: reconciliations of its equity reported under its previous financial reporting framework to its equity under this standard for both (a) the date of transition and (b) the end of the latest period presented in the entity's most recent annual financial statements under its previous financial reporting framework; and a reconciliation of the profit or loss reported under its previous financial reporting framework for the | Follow the requirements in Section 2 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors in respect of changes in accounting policies. |



| / | ASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|---|---|----------------------|
| | latest period in the entity's most recent annual | |
| | financial statements to its profit or loss under this | |
| | standard for the same period. | |
| | (Proposed IFRS for SMEs 38.10 – 11) | (SME-FRS 2.9) |

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Table of Concordance betweenIASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs and HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS

| Section | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | Section | HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|--|
| 1. | Scope | | SME-FRF |
| 2. | Concepts and Pervasive Principles | | |
| 3. | Financial Statement Presentation | 1. | Presentation of Financial Statements |
| 4. | Balance Sheet | | |
| 5. | Income Statement | | |
| 6. | Statement of Changes in Equity and | | |
| | Statement of Income and Retained | | |
| | Earnings | | |
| 7. | Cash Flow Statement | | N/A |
| 8. | Notes to the Financial Statements | 1. | Presentation of Financial Statements |
| 9. | Consolidated and Separate Financial | | N/A |
| | Statements | | |
| 10. | Accounting Policies, Estimates and | 2. | Accounting Policies, Changes in |
| | Errors | | Accounting Estimates and Errors |
| 11. | Financial Assets and Financial | | N/A |
| | Liabilities | | |
| 12. | Inventories | 7. | Inventories |
| 13. | Investments in Associates | 6. | Investments |
| 14. | Investment in Joint Ventures | | |
| 15. | Investment Property | 3. | Property, Plant and Equipment |
| 16. | Property, Plant and Equipment | | |
| 17. | Intangible Assets other than Goodwill | 4. | Intangible Assets |
| 18. | Business Combinations and Goodwill | | N/A |
| 19. | Leases | 5. | Leases |
| 20. | Provisions and Contingencies | 10. | Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and |
| | | | Contingent Assets |
| 21. | Equity | | N/A |
| 22. | Revenue | 11. | Revenue |
| | | 8. | Construction Contracts |
| 23. | Government Grants | 12. | Government Grants and Other |
| | | | Government Assistance |
| 24. | Borrowing Costs | 13. | Borrowing Costs |
| 25. | Share-based Payment | | N/A |

| Section | IASB ED of proposed IFRS for SMEs | Section | Equivalent HK SME-FRF & SME-FRS |
|---------|--|---------|-------------------------------------|
| 26. | Impairment of Non-financial Assets | 9. | Impairment of Assets |
| 27. | Employee Benefits | | N/A |
| 28. | Income Taxes | 14. | Income Taxes |
| 29. | Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary | | N/A |
| | Economies | | |
| 30. | Foreign Currency Translation | 15. | The Effects of Changes in Foreign |
| | | | Exchange Rates |
| 31. | Segment Reporting | | N/A |
| 32. | Events after the End of the Reporting | 17. | Events After the Balance Sheet Date |
| | Period | | |
| 33. | Related Party Disclosures | 16. | Related Party Disclosures |
| 34. | Earnings per Share | | N/A |
| 35. | Specialized Industries | | N/A |
| 36. | Discontinued Operations and Assets | | N/A |
| | Held for Sale | | |
| 37. | Interim Financial Reporting | | N/A |
| 38. | Transition to the IFRS for SMEs | | SME-FRF |