HKICPA Annual Conference

New Drivers for Business Decisions and Governance

Jeremy Hobbins LF 1937

The Li & Fung Group



Li & Fung Trading Limited

• Global multinational headquartered in Hong Kong - founded 1906

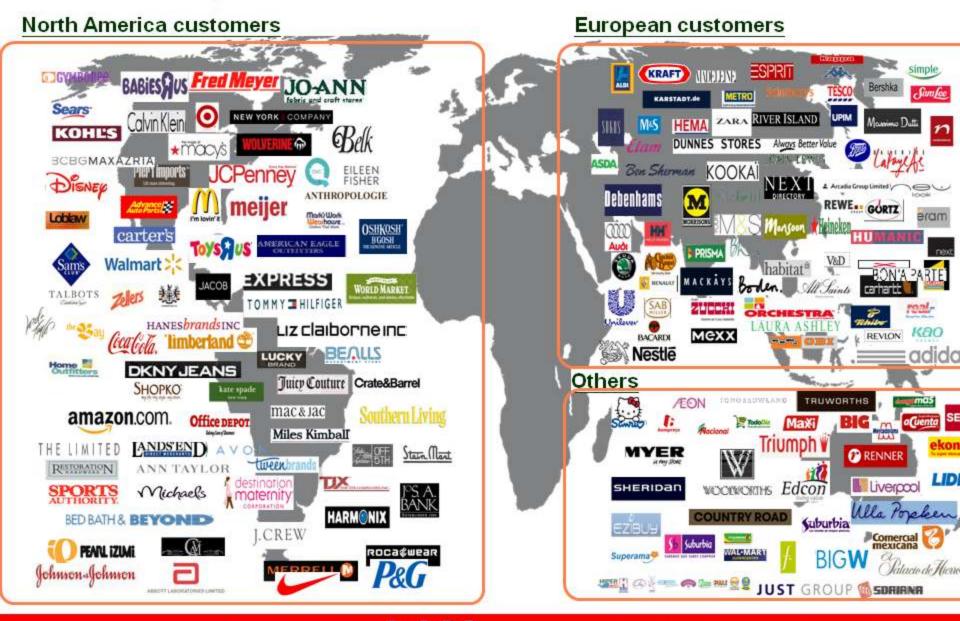
• World's leading supply chain manager operating in the consumer goods market

• Shipments in excess of US\$100 bill at RSP Busines

• Orchestrates over 15,000 suppliers in more than 40 economies to service about 2,000 customers



Driven by Our Customers



Driven by Global Trade

Global Network

THE AMERICAS **Trading Offices** Guatemala City, Guatemala Managua, Nicaragua Mexico City, Mexico Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic San Pedro Sula, Honduras Onshore Offices Gaffney, USA New York City, USA San Francisco, USA Logistics Offices New Jersey, USA lew York, USAOrlando, USA **Distribution Centres** Los Angeles, USA 4 New Jersey, USA 5

EUROPE Trading Offices

Amman, Jordan **Bucharest, Romania** Cairo, Egypt Casablanca, Marocco Cologne (Koln), Germany Istanbul, Turkey Izmir, Turkey Lucca, Italy Milan, Italy Oporto, Portugal Sofia, Bulgaria Vilnius, Lithuania

Bremerhaven, Germany

Den Bosch, Netherlands

Florence, Italy

Keighley, UK

London, UK

Manchester, UK

Moscow, Russia

rowbridge, UK

Vienna, Austria

Washington, UK

Paris, France South Shields, UK

Manno, Switzerland

Hamburg, Germany

Hudddersfield, UK

Distribution Centres

Keighley, UK Leicester, UK Sheffield, UK

Changsha, China Chengdu, China Dalian, China Dongguan, China Hangzhou, China Hong Kong Liuyang, China Longhua, China Onshore Offices Barcelona, Spain

Ningbo, China Panyu, China Qingdao, China Seoul, Korea Shanghai, China Guangzhou, China Shantou, China Shenzhen, China Taipei, Taiwan Tokyo, Japan Xiamen, China Zhanjiang, China

Beihai, China

SOUTH ASIA

Trading Offices

Chennai, India

Delhi, India

Bangalore, India

Colombo, Sri Lanka

Dhaka, Bangladesh Faisalabad, Pakistan Karachi, Pakistan

Lahore, Pakistan Sharjah, UAE Tirupur, India

Onshore Offices

BSB, Brunei

Hong Kong Macau

Shanghai, China Shenyang, China Shenzhen, China Suzhou, China Tianiin, China Wuhan, China Xiamen, China

Beijing, China Chengdu, China Changchuan, Taiwan Qingdao, China Changsha, Chin Dalian, China Chazhuan, Taiwan Chengdu, China Fuzhou, China Chengdu, China Chongqing, Chir Guangzhou, Chir Dayuan, Tajwan Dalian, China Fuzhou, China Kaohsiung, Taiw Fuzhou, China Guangzhou, Chi Shanghai, China Guandzhou, China Hangzhou, Chin Shenyang, China Haihu, Taiwan Shenzhen, China Hong Kong, 4 Taoyuan, Taiwan Kaohsiung, Taiwan

Nanjing, China Taichung, Taiwa Kunshan, China Ningbo, China Taipei, Taiwan Linkou, Taiwan Nan Kan, Taiwan

Panyu, Unina Shanghai, China 6 Shenyang, China Shenzhen, China Taichang, China Yantian, China Zhangjiagang, Zhongshan, China

ogistics Offices Dhaka, Bangladesh lumbai, India

Moka, Mauritius

Durban, South Africa

SOUTHERN AFRICA

Antananariyo, Madagascar

Trading Offices

About 240 offices and DCs in more than 40 economies with 27,000 employees and a sourcing network of Trading Offices over 15,000 suppliers

SOUTHEAST ASIA

Jakarta, Indonesia Bangkok, Thailand Lamlukka, Thailand Hanoi, Vietnam Sabah, Malaysia Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnar Sarawak, Malaysia Jakarta, Indonesia Shah Alam, Malaysia Johor, Malaysia Singapore Makati, Philippines Phnom Penh, Cambodia Saipan, Mariana Islands

Logistics Offices

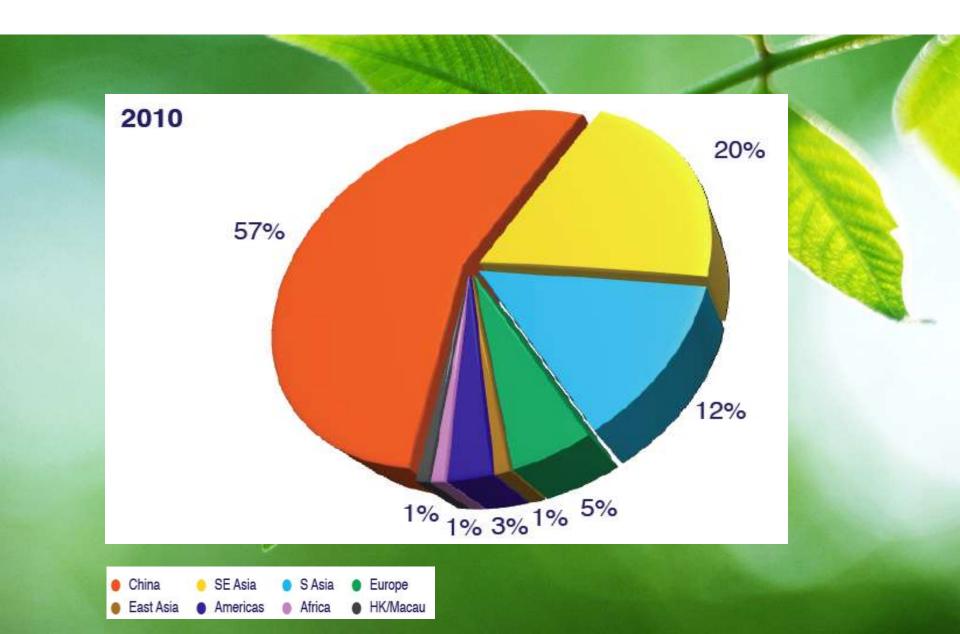
Bangpa-In, Thailand Bangkok, Thailand Bangpa-In, Thailand uzon, Philippines Phnom Penh, Cambodi Shah Alam, Malaysia Singapore

Distribution Centres

Bang Pa-In, Thailand 5 Bang Wau, Thailand Bangplee, Thailand Chiang Mai, Thailand laadyai, Thailand Khon Kaen, Thailand Luzon, Philippines 20 Mindanao, Philippines 3 Nakorn Ratchasima, Thailand Nongkhae, Thailand 2 Penang, Malaysia Shah Alam, Malaysia 4

Singapore 3 Surabaya, Indonesia Surat Thai, Thailand Visayas, Philippines 4 Wangnoi, Thailand

Sourcing: Locations and Products



Sourcing Trends in 2010



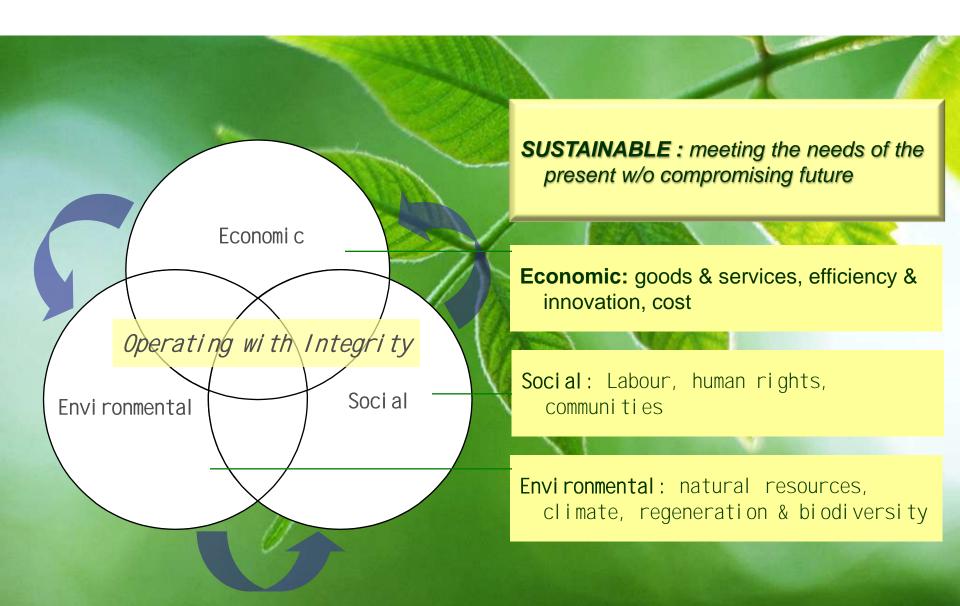


Borderless Manufacturing





Driven by Sustainable Supply Chain?



Public Company Driver: Transparency and Disclosure



Reporting requirements

•Member of Hang Seng Index, MSCI Index, S&P/StandChart Greater China Index, FTSE4Good Index, Dow Jones Sustainability Asia Pacific Index and Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index Series



Driven by Business Commitments

Principle 10

HUMAN RIGHTS

Principle 1 Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and Principle 2 make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses

LABOUR

Principle 3 Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;

Principle 4 the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour principle 5 the effective abolition of child labour; and the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

ENVIRONMENT

Principle 7 Businesses are asked to support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;
Principle 8 undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and
Principle 9 encourage the development and diffusion of

environmentally friendly technologies.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.

Walmart Case Study "Cradle to Gate" Footprinting

Collaboration with Carbon Trust.

- example of ladies cardigan
 - Raw material assessment cotton, wool, rayon
 - Initial transportation to factory
 - Factory production
 - Shipping to country / containerisation
 - Warehousing piece picking and palletisation
 - Final logistics leg to store



Green Factory - Carbon Neutral



"New build" for apparel production using "common sense" initiatives

- Recycled building materials / east-west orientation
- Skylights with magnifying glass (photovoltaic glass)
- Big windows that open wide reducing air-con
- Heat reflective roof or walls / large roof overhangs
- Recycled wastewater
- Rain fed evaporative cooling system
- LED focussed lights for sewing machines
- Small diesel generator off-set with 1,000 trees documented flora / fauna

Major Focus / Challenge with 3rd Party Vendors

- 15,000 3rd party vendor factories
- Integrity is key to reporting
- Physical audit often necessary
- ⊕ Education is critical 3rd
 world



Social Responsibility Driven by Partnership





Compliance to Commitment

- Supplier sustainability guide
 - ♣ Employee practices
 - Energy reduction
 - Carbon footprinting
 - Waste water treatment

Driven by Cost Pressures and Stagnant Demand

Rising Wages

Monthly Minimum Wage in China 2010

Provinces	2009	Current
Shanghai	960	1,120
Zhejiang	960	1,100
Guangdong	860	1,030
Beijing	860	960
Jiangsu	850	960
Tianjin	820	920
Shandong	760	920
Hubei	700	900
Fujian	750	900
Shanxi	720	850
Hunan	665	850
Jilio	650	820
Shaanxi	600	760
Ningxia	560	710

Unit: Yuan 2010

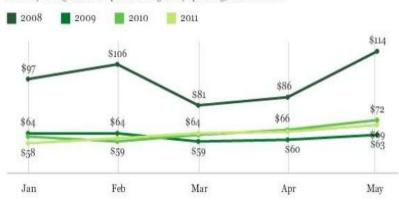


Record High Cotton Prices

mand unfinished
recession in consumer
markets

U.S. Consumer Spending, January-May, 2008-2011

Monthly averages of self-reported average daily spending, in U.S. dollars



May results as of May 30 Gallup Daily tracking

In Conclusion: Key Drivers for the Future

- <u>Global Trade</u>: availability of cost effective labour driver to new locations
- China: continue as a major hub but move up the value chain
- Inflation in cost base and materials
- <u>Stagnant demand</u> and "Lingering Recession" in developed markets
- <u>Labour practices</u> and <u>environmental integrity</u> are key drivers to ensuring a harmonious supply chain <u>customer</u> has to be prepared to pay
- Reporting requirements will increase but the spirit of UN Global Compact principles must be the driver



Thank you!